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Stephanie M. Hinds United States Attorney

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## United States District Court

# FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

**VENUE: SAN FRANCISCO** 

FILED

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

MAR 2 1 2019

V.

SUSAN Y. SOONG CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MICHAEL RICHARD LYNCH and STEPHEN KEITH CHAMBERLAIN,

CR18-577 CRB

DEFENDANT(S).

## SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

18 U.S.C. § 1349 – Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud;
18 U.S.C. § 1343 – Wire Fraud;
18 U.S.C. § 1348 – Securities Fraud;
18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy;
18 U.S.C. § 2 – Aiding and Abetting; and
18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C) & 982(a) & 28 U.S.C. § 2461 – Criminal Forfeiture

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DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO	O A CRIMINAL ACTION - IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT
BY: ☐ COMPLAINT ☐ INFORMATION ☒ INDICTMENT	Name of District Court, and/or Judge/Magistrate Location
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18 U.S.C. § 1349 – Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud; 18 U.S.C. § 1343 – Wire Fraud; Minor	
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18 U.S.C. § 2 – Aiding and Abetting; 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C) & 982(a) & 28 U.S.C. § 2461 – mean	I A Mi-1 Dishand I amak and Ctanhan V aith Chambanlain
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prior proceedings or appearance(s)  before U.S. Magistrate regarding this	DATE OF Month/Day/Year ARREST
defendant were recorded under	Or if Arresting Agency & Warrant were not
Name and Office of Person	DATE TRANSFERRED Month/Day/Year
Furnishing Information on this form DAVID L. ANDERSON	TO U.S. CUSTODY 7
☑ U.S. Attorney ☐ Other U.S. Agency	
Name of Assistant U.S. Attorney (if assigned)  ADAM A. REEVES	This report amends AO 257 previously submitted
	ORMATION OR COMMENTS —
PROCESS:	Rail Amount
SUMMONS NO PROCESS* WARRANT  If Summons, complete following:	Bail Amount:
Arraignment Initial Appearance	<ul> <li>Where defendant previously apprehended on complaint, no new summons or warrant needed, since Magistrate has scheduled arraignment</li> </ul>
Defendant Address:	
	Date/Time: Before Judge:
Comments	

### ATTACHMENT TO PENALTY SHEET

# United States v. Michael Richard Lynch and Stephen Keith Chamberlain Case No. CR 18-00577 CRB

## Counts One through Fifteen:

The maximum penalties for a conviction for conspiracy, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1349, and for wire fraud, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1343, are:

- a twenty (20) year term of imprisonment (18 U.S.C. § 1343);
- a \$250,000 fine (or twice the gross gain/loss, whichever is greater) (18 U.S.C. § 3571(b)(3) and (d));
- a three (3) year term of supervised release (18 U.S.C. § 3583(b)(2));
- a \$100 special assessment (18 U.S.C. § 3013(a)(2)(A)); and
- restitution and asset forfeiture in amounts to be determined by the Court.

## Count Sixteen:

Not more than 25 years imprisonment Not more than \$250,000 fine Not more than 3 years supervised release \$100 special assessment

### Count Seventeen:

Not more than 5 years imprisonment Not more than \$250,000 fine Not more than 3 years supervised release \$100 special assessment

DAVID L. ANDERSON (CABN 149604) 1 United States Attorney 2 3 FILED 4 5 MAR 2 1 2019 6 SUSAN Y. SOONG CLERK. U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. Case No. CR 18-577 CRB 12 VIOLATIONS: 18 U.S.C. § 1349 – Plaintiff, Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud; 18 U.S.C. § 1343 – Wire Fraud; 18 U.S.C. 13 § 1348 – Securities Fraud; 18 U.S.C. § 371 – 14 Conspiracy; 18 U.S.C. § 2 – Aiding and MICHAEL RICHARD LYNCH and Abetting; 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C) & 982(a) & 28 U.S.C. § 2461 – Criminal STEPHEN KEITH CHAMBERLAIN. 15 Defendants. Forfeiture 16 SAN FRANCISCO VENUE 17 SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT 18 The Grand Jury charges: 19 **Introductory Allegations** 20 Autonomy Corporation plc 21 Autonomy Corporation plc ("Autonomy") was a company incorporated in England and 1. 22 Wales with a registered office in Cambridge, United Kingdom. Autonomy was the holding company of 23 a group of companies engaged in software development and distribution. Autonomy maintained dual 24 headquarters in San Francisco, California, and Cambridge. 25 Autonomy's major subsidiaries included Autonomy, Inc. ("AU Inc."), with offices in San 2. 26 Francisco and San Jose, California; Interwoven, Inc. ("Interwoven"), with offices in San Jose; and 27 ZANTAZ, Inc. ("Zantaz"), with offices in Pleasanton, California. 28 SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

3. Autonomy was a public company whose shares were listed on the London Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "AU" and were bought, held, and sold by individuals and entities throughout the United States. In 2010, \$592,358,000 of Autonomy's \$870,366,000 in reported revenues (approximately 68%) came from the United States and other countries in the Americas.

#### B. The Defendants

- 4. Defendant MICHAEL RICHARD LYNCH was a resident of the United Kingdom. From approximately 1996 until 2011, he was the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of Autonomy. He also was a director of Autonomy from approximately 1996 until 2011. As Autonomy's CEO and a director, LYNCH was responsible for certifying Autonomy's publicly filed financial statements. LYNCH was also responsible for the accuracy of statements made by him and others at Autonomy to market analysts, shareholders, and others persons in the investing public about the nature and composition of Autonomy's products, revenue, and expenses and its potential for growth.
- 5. Defendant STEPHEN KEITH CHAMBERLAIN was a resident of the United Kingdom. From approximately 2005 until 2011, he was Vice President of Finance at Autonomy. CHAMBERLAIN was a qualified Chartered Accountant. As one of Autonomy's most senior finance officers, CHAMBERLAIN was responsible for the preparation of Autonomy's financial statements. CHAMBERLAIN also was responsible for the accuracy of statements made by him and others at Autonomy to Autonomy's independent auditor in the United Kingdom.

#### C. Hewlett-Packard Company

- Hewlett-Packard Company ("HP") was a Delaware corporation with principal executive 6. offices in Palo Alto, California. HP provided computing and imaging products, technologies, software, and services to customers.
- 7. HP was a public company whose shares were listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "HPQ" and were bought, held, and sold by individuals and entities throughout the United States. HP securities were registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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## D. <u>HP's Purchase of Autonomy</u>

- 8. On or about August 18, 2011, HP and Hewlett-Packard Vision B.V. ("HP Vision"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of HP, entered into an Offer Agreement with Autonomy and publicly announced an offer to acquire Autonomy for approximately \$11 billion.
- 9. On or about August 18, 2011, in a press release announcing the acquisition, HP emphasized that "Autonomy's recent operating and financial performance has been strong." HP also stated that "[o]ver the last five years, Autonomy has grown its revenues at a compound annual growth rate of approximately 55 percent and adjusted operating profit at a rate of approximately 83 percent." Among the acquisition's "[s]trategic and financial benefits," HP said Autonomy would enhance HP's financial profile because "Autonomy's strong growth and profit margin profile complement[ed] HP's efforts to improve its business mix by focusing on enterprise software and solutions. Autonomy [had] ... a consistent track record of double-digit revenue growth, with 87 percent gross margins and 43 percent operating margins in calendar year 2010."
- 10. Under the terms of the offer, HP, through HP Vision, offered to buy all the outstanding shares of Autonomy for £25.50 (\$42.11) per share in cash.
- 11. On or about October 3, 2011, when all conditions relating to the offer had been satisfied, HP's acquisition of Autonomy closed and HP acquired control of Autonomy. At or about that time, LYNCH and CHAMBERLAIN became employees of HP.
- 12. On or about October 3, 2011, LYNCH owned or controlled approximately 7% of Autonomy's total outstanding shares of stock and CHAMBERLAIN owned or controlled approximately 99,000 shares of Autonomy's stock. After the acquisition closed, and their shares were acquired by HP, LYNCH received approximately \$804 million and CHAMBERLAIN received approximately \$4 million.

### E. Autonomy's Financial Statements

13. From in or about 2004 to in or about July 2011, Autonomy issued quarterly and annual financial statements to the investing public in the United Kingdom, the United States, and other places. In its statements to the public, Autonomy said that the financial statements were prepared in accordance with regulations for public companies in the United Kingdom. Autonomy also stated that its annual

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financial statements were audited, and its quarterly financial statements were reviewed, by an independent auditor in the United Kingdom.

- 14. In its quarterly and annual reports, Autonomy stated that its financial statements had been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and, in particular, the accounting requirements for revenue recognition defined by International Accounting Standard 18 -Revenue ("IAS 18"). In other public documents and conference calls with Autonomy analysts, Autonomy also claimed that it followed revenue recognition rules under United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("US GAAP"), including Statement of Position ("SOP") 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition. In its quarterly and annual financial statements, Autonomy made statements about the "revenue" it recognized in the quarter and its "gross margin," an alleged measure of its profitability.
- For example, Autonomy, in its quarterly financial statements, claimed to have revenues 15. (in millions of U.S. dollars) and gross margins in the approximate amounts specified below:

<u>Quarter</u>	Revenue	Gross Margin
Q1 2009	\$129.8	91%
Q2 2009	\$195.2	89%
Q3 2009	\$191.6	85.6%
Q4 2009	\$223.1	89.4%
Q1 2010	\$194.2	88.9%
Q2 2010	\$221.1	86.3%
Q3 2010	\$210.6	87.6%
Q4 2010	\$244.5	86.3%
Q1 2011	\$219.8	88.3%
Q2 2011	\$256.3	87.1%

In its annual reports and elsewhere, Autonomy held itself out as a "pure software" 16. company. For example, in its 2009 annual report, Autonomy claimed it "operates in the realm of pure software." It stated: "Autonomy is one of the very rare examples of a pure software model."

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#### F. HP Relied on Autonomy's Financial Statements

- 17. Between January and August 2011, LYNCH and others acting on behalf of Autonomy provided Autonomy's financial statements and documents reflecting Autonomy's results for the year ended 2009, the year ended 2010, the first half of 2011, and other periods to persons at, or acting on behalf of, HP in the course of HP's consideration of whether to buy Autonomy and, if so, for what price.
- 18. Among other information, HP relied on the accuracy and truthfulness of the statements and disclosures made in Autonomy's historically reported financial statements and other public statements including, but not limited to, Autonomy's claims about its financial performance, revenues, expenses, and products and its claim to be a "pure software" company with high gross margins.

### The Scheme to Defraud

- 19. Beginning in or about January 2009 and continuing through in or about October 2011, defendants LYNCH and CHAMBERLAIN, together with others including former Chief Financial Officer Sushovan Hussain, engaged in a fraudulent scheme to deceive purchasers and sellers of Autonomy securities about the true performance of Autonomy's business, its financial performance and condition, the nature and composition of its products, revenue and expenses, and its prospects for growth.
- 20. The objectives of the scheme to defraud were, among other things, (a) to ensure that Autonomy reported that it had met or exceeded projected quarterly results for, among other things, revenue, gross margin, net income, and earnings per share, (b) to maintain and increase the defendants' positions within the company, and to enrich themselves and others through bonuses, salaries, and options, and (c) to artificially increase and maintain the share price of Autonomy securities to, among other things, make Autonomy attractive to potential purchasers.
- In or about 2011, LYNCH and others met with representatives of HP about a potential 21. acquisition of Autonomy by HP. At or about that time, LYNCH and others used Autonomy's false and misleading financial statements from 2009, 2010, and early 2011, and other false and misleading documents created by CHAMBERLAIN and others to make Autonomy more attractive to a potential purchaser like HP.
  - In furtherance of the scheme to defraud, LYNCH, CHAMBERLAIN, Hussain, and others 22. 5

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- Artificially inflating revenues by, among other things, (i) backdating written a. agreements to record revenue in prior periods; (ii) recording revenue on contracts that were subject to side letters or other agreements with contingencies or other terms impacting revenue recognition; (iii) improperly recording revenue for reciprocal or roundtrip transactions whereby Autonomy granted a software license to a counterparty which purchased product or services from Autonomy at a greater price; (iv) improperly recording revenue where all of the criteria in IFRS, IAS 18, and Autonomy's revenue recognition policy had not been satisfied; and (v) structuring or restructuring contracts to accelerate revenue recognition while reducing future recurring revenue;
- b. Making false and misleading statements to Autonomy's independent auditor about the facts and circumstances of transactions allegedly supporting the recognition of revenue, expenses, costs, and other items in Autonomy's financial statements, including, but not limited to, (i) backdating contracts, invoices, agreements, and other documents in order to make it appear that they had been reached with a counterparty in a prior period; (ii) falsely representing, among other things, that Autonomy's auditors had been provided all relevant information and that there were no undisclosed side letters; (iii) making false and misleading statements about whether the criteria in IFRS, IAS 18, and Autonomy's revenue recognition policy had been satisfied; and (iv) making false and misleading statements about Autonomy's research and development, marketing, and other expenses;
- Making false and misleading statements to market analysts covering Autonomy c. about its financial statements, the true performance of its business, its financial condition, the nature and composition of its products, revenue, and expenses, and its prospects for growth;
- d. Making false and misleading statements to Autonomy's regulators in response to inquiries about its financial statements;
- Making false and misleading statements that Autonomy was a "pure software" e. company while concealing the fact that Autonomy was engaged in hidden, loss-making resales of hardware, separate from its disclosed practice of selling "appliances";
- Making false and misleading statements about Autonomy's alleged sales of f. original manufactured equipment or "OEM" licenses, the alleged royalty revenues from such sales, and

the Autonomy software products allegedly being used in equipment manufactured by other information technology companies;

- g. Making and causing fraudulent entries to Autonomy's books and records;
- h. Issuing materially false and misleading quarterly and annual reports;
- i. Intimidating, pressuring, and paying-off persons who raised complaints about or openly criticized Autonomy's financial practices and performance; and
- j. Intimidating and pressuring analysts and other persons who raised questions about or openly criticized Autonomy's financial practices and performance.
- 23. Also in furtherance of the scheme to defraud, LYNCH, CHAMBERLAIN, and others took the following actions, among others:
- a. On or about April 23, 2009, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the first quarter of 2009.
- b. On or about July 16, 2009, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the second quarter of 2009.
- c. On or about October 20, 2009, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the third quarter of 2009.
- d. On or about December 31, 2009, Autonomy entered into a First Amendment to License and Distribution Agreement with a counterparty in the United States whereby the counterparty licensed "EDD" or electronic data discovery software for approximately \$4 million plus maintenance and support.
- e. On or about January 1, 2010, a co-conspirator called an officer of a counterparty in the United States that Autonomy was about to acquire and asked if the counterparty would agree to a transaction to license software from Autonomy, which ultimately was recorded as revenue in the fourth quarter of 2009.
- f. On or about January 4, 2010, a co-conspirator caused a side letter to be signed respecting a transaction ultimately recorded as revenue in the fourth quarter of 2009.
- g. On or about February 3, 2010, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the fourth quarter (year-end) of 2009.

- h. On or about February 22, 2010, Autonomy issued its Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2009.
- i. On or about March 10, 2010, Autonomy paid a counterparty \$1,425,000, by means of a check written on an account maintained at a financial institution in San Francisco, for "EDD Processing" that was not performed.
- j. On or about April 1, 2010, an Autonomy officer in the United States called the principal of a counterparty in the United States and asked if the counterparty would agree to a transaction to license software from Autonomy, which ultimately was recorded as revenue in the first quarter of 2010.
- k. On or about April 21, 2010, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the first quarter of 2010.
- 1. On or about April 21, 2010, LYNCH told the market and others following Autonomy securities "[w]e have very little interest in just selling hardware . . . what we are not doing here is acting as a generic company that resells hardware like Morse or something like that. Obviously, those people do that business and we have no interest in it."
- m. On or about July 22, 2010, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the second quarter of 2010.
- n. On or about July 28, 2010, LYNCH caused Autonomy to fire a finance officer in the United States who questioned whether Autonomy's financial statements were accurately stated.
- o. On or about October 19, 2010, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the third quarter of 2010.
- p. On or about December 29, 2010, a co-conspirator directed Autonomy employees to prepare a side letter for a transaction that would not otherwise close in the fourth quarter of 2010.
- q. On or about January 18, 2011, CHAMBERLAIN caused an Autonomy employee in San Francisco to backdate a draft, unexecuted license agreement with a counterparty.
- r. On or about January 26, 2011, CHAMBERLAIN caused an Autonomy officer to e-mail a backdated license agreement to Autonomy's independent auditors.

- s. On or about February 1, 2011, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the fourth quarter (year-end) of 2010.
- t. On or about February 22, 2011, while in the United States, a co-conspirator directed an Autonomy officer to sign, on Hussain's behalf, a management representation letter to Autonomy's independent auditors stating that there were no side letters excluded from Autonomy's signed sales contracts.
- u. On or about February 22, 2011, Autonomy issued its Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2010.
- v. On or about March 4, 2011, while in Palo Alto, LYNCH participated in a video conference among participants in Palo Alto and the United Kingdom to present financial and other information about Autonomy to HP.
- w. On or about April 4, 2011, a co-conspirator caused a counterparty in the United States to prepare and backdate an agreement to license Autonomy software, which ultimately was recorded as revenue in the first quarter of 2011.
- x. On or about April 14, 2011, a co-conspirator met in San Francisco with the counterparty and an Autonomy officer and discussed a backdated licensing agreement.
- y. On or about April 21, 2011, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the first quarter of 2011.
- z. On or about July 27, 2011, Autonomy issued a press release about, among other things, its financial performance in the second quarter of 2011.
- aa. On or about August 4, 2011, LYNCH, CHAMBERLAIN, and others caused Autonomy to provide to HP and its advisors false and misleading listings of Autonomy's top contracts and customers.
- bb. On or about August 18, 2011, to induce the offer by HP and HP Vision, LYNCH executed a letter irrevocably undertaking to accept the offer, agreeing to recommend the offer to others, and warranting that all information provided by him for inclusion in any document issued in connection with the offer was true and accurate in all respects and not misleading in any respect.

and others, did knowingly conspire to devise and intend to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud as to a material matter and to obtain money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and by concealment of material facts, and, for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice and attempting to do so, did transmit, and cause to be transmitted, by means of wire communication in interstate and foreign commerce, certain writings, signs, signals, pictures, and sounds, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

## COUNTS TWO THROUGH FIFTEEN: (18 U.S.C. §§ 1343 and 2 – Wire Fraud)

- 27. The factual allegations in Paragraphs 1 through 24 are re-alleged and incorporated by reference.
- 28. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendants,

# MICHAEL RICHARD LYNCH and STEPHEN KEITH CHAMBERLAIN,

did knowingly, and with intent to defraud, devise and intend to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud as to a material matter and to obtain money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and by concealment of material facts, and, for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice and attempting to do so, did transmit and cause to be transmitted, by means of wire communication in interstate and foreign commerce, certain writings, signs, signals, pictures, and sounds, namely:

COUNT	DATE	DESCRIPTION
TWO	1/26/2011	E-mail from J.S. in the Northern District of California to S.C.
		dated 1/26/2011 regarding "FW: autn_boa"
THREE	2/1/2011	Press release titled "Autonomy Corporation plc Announces
		Results for the Year Ended December 31, 2010," distributed
		from Cambridge, England, to the Northern District of California
FOUR	2/3/2011	Video conference involving participants in Palo Alto, California,
		and the United Kingdom
FIVE	3/4/2011	Video conference involving participants in Palo Alto, California,
		and the United Kingdom

**DESCRIPTION** 

DATE

**COUNT** 

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SIX	4/4/2011	E-mail from M.H. to S.E. in the Northern District of California dated 4/4/2011 regarding "Prisa VAR"
SEVEN	4/21/2011	Press release titled "Autonomy Corporation plc Trading Update for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2011," distributed from the United Kingdom to the Northern District of California
EIGHT	7/27/2011	Press release titled "Autonomy Corporation plc Announces Interim Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011," distributed from United Kingdom to the Northern District of California
NINE	8/1/2011	Conference call to United States toll-free number (866) 409- 2889 by multiple numbers in the Northern District of California and United Kingdom
TEN	8/2/2011	Conference call to United States toll-free number (866) 409- 2889 by multiple numbers in the Northern District of California and United Kingdom
ELEVEN	8/3/2011	Conference call to United States toll-free number (866) 409- 2889 by multiple numbers in the Northern District of California and United Kingdom
TWELVE	8/4/2011	Conference call to United States toll-free number (866) 409- 2889 by multiple numbers in the Northern District of California and United Kingdom
THIRTEEN	8/4/2011	E-mail from A.H. in the United Kingdom to F.M. and others in the Northern District of California regarding "Project Daniel 1Room" attaching "Data Room Updates 509381013.4DOC"
FOURTEEN	8/5/2011	E-mail from A.K. to M.S. and others in the Northern District of California regarding "RE: Tesla: Updated Legal DD Questions"
FIFTEEN	10/4/2011	E-mailed letter from Capita Registrars in the United Kingdom to M.S. and A.J. in the Northern District of California, requesting payments of £5,445,493,678.35 and £24,065,825.50

Each in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 2.

## **COUNT SIXTEEN:**

(18 U.S.C. §§ 1348 and 2 – Securities Fraud)

- 29. The allegations in Paragraphs 1 through 24 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here.
- 30. In or about August 2011, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendant,

## MICHAEL RICHARD LYNCH,

did knowingly and intentionally execute, and attempted to execute, a scheme and artifice (a) to defraud any person in connection with securities of HPQ, an issuer with a class of securities registered under

Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (b) to obtain, by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, money and property in connection with the purchase and sale of securities of HPQ, an issuer with a class of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and did aid and abet in the same.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1348 and 2.

COUNT SEVENTEEN: (18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy)

- 31. The allegations in Paragraphs 1 through 24 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth here.
- 32. Beginning in or about October 2011, and continuing until in or about November 2018, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendants,

# MICHAEL RICHARD LYNCH and STEPHEN KEITH CHAMBERLAIN,

and others, did knowingly conspire to commit offenses against the United States, namely (a) circumventing a system of internal accounting controls of an issuer of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in violation of Title 15, United States Code, Section 78m, (b) tampering with witnesses, victims, and informants, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1512, (c) obstructing proceedings before departments, agencies, and committees, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1505, and (d) engaging in monetary transactions in property derived from specified unlawful activity, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1957.

33. The objectives of the conspiracy were, among other things, to cover up, conceal, influence witnesses to, and otherwise obstruct investigations of the scheme to defraud set forth in Paragraphs 19 through 24 by, among other things, (a) falsifying, destroying, and stealing business records of HP, (b) altering, destroying, mutilating, and concealing records, documents, and objects with intent to impair their integrity and availability for use in official proceedings, (c) paying hush money and other benefits to influence, delay, and prevent the testimony of persons in official proceedings, (d) otherwise obstructing, influencing, and impeding official proceedings, and (e) laundering the proceeds of the Autonomy acquisition.

Overt Acts 1 2 34. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, LYNCH, CHAMBERLAIN, and others committed the following overt 3 4 acts: 5 On or about October 7, 2011, LYNCH transferred £100,000,000 from an account a. at UBS to an account at HSBC Private Bank. 6 7 b. On or about October 7, 2011, LYNCH transferred £100,000,000 from an account at UBS to an account at Barclay's Private Bank. 8 On or about October 7, 2011, LYNCH transferred £100,000,000 from an account 9 c. at UBS to an account at JP Morgan International Bank. 10 On or about October 7, 2011, LYNCH transferred £100,000,000 from an account d. 11 at UBS to an account at Merrill Lynch Portfolio Managers. 12 On or about February 3, 2012, CHAMBERLAIN and Hussain directed an HP 13 e. finance employee to falsely record approximately \$5.5 million in revenue to be included in HP's 14 financial statements for the period ending January 31, 2012. 15 In or about May 2012, Hussain instructed an HP executive to falsify a revenue f. 16 forecast. 17 In or about May 2012, a co-conspirator caused the destruction of hard drives in 18 g. HP's Cambridge office. 19 In or about May 2012, a co-conspirator instructed an HP employee to erase h. 20 CHAMBERLAIN's laptop computer and any backup. 21 In or about May 2012, a co-conspirator attempted to remove the laptop of another i. 22 co-conspirator from HP's offices. 23 On or about June 1, 2012, LYNCH transferred £20,000,000 from an account at j. 24 UBS to an account at Merrill Lynch Portfolio Managers. 25 On or about July 6, 2012, LYNCH caused the incorporation of ICP London 26 k. Limited ("Invoke") in the British Virgin Islands. LYNCH used Invoke and entities affiliated with 27 Invoke as a means to pay former Autonomy employees, including Hussain. 28

amount of proceeds obtained as a result of the offenses alleged in Counts One through Fifteen. 1 2 37. Upon conviction of the offense alleged in Count Sixteen, the defendant, 3 MICHAEL RICHARD LYNCH, 4 shall forfeit to the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 981(a)(1)(C) and 5 982(a), and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461, any property, real and personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to said violations, including but not limited to a sum of, 6 not less than \$804 million, representing the amount of proceeds obtained as a result of the offense 7 alleged in Count Sixteen. 8 9 38. If, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant, any of said property a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence; 10 b. has been transferred or sold to or deposited with a third person; 11 c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court; 12 d. has been substantially diminished in value; or 13 e. has been commingled with other property, which cannot be divided without difficulty; 14 any and all interest defendant has in any other property shall be forfeited to the United States, pursuant 15 to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 981(a)(1)(C) and 982(a), and Title 28, United States Code, 16 Section 2461. 17 18 19 // 20 // 21 22 // 23 // 24 // 25 // 26 // 27 // 28

All pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 981(a)(1)(C) and 982(a), and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461. DATED: March 21, 2019 A TRUE BILL DAVID L. ANDERSON United States Attorney HALLIE HOFFMAN Chief, Criminal Division ROBERT S. LEACH Assistant United States Attorney ADAM A. REEVES Assistant United States Attorney WILLIAM FRENTZEN Assistant United States Attorney